as of Fall 2009

CATALOG INFORMATION

BAD 52 Full Title: Human Relations in Organizations Units: 3.00

Catalog Description:

An awareness and self-understanding of how interpersonal skills influence relationships with others. Enhance those skills to be more successful as a member of a work environment and society. Human relations addresses issues of self-esteem, values, attitudes, motivation, communications, team dynamics, change, creativity, conflict, stress, diversity, ethics, and health.

COURSE CONTENT

Student Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate a self-understanding of the interconnections of self-esteem, attitudes, values, motivation, and goals in a diverse society.
- 2. Describe the influences that affect individual and group communication interactions.
- 3. Recognize the causes of conflict and describe the conflict resolution process.
- 4. Identify strategies for reducing stress and improving personal and workplace health.

Objectives:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Examine the cultural considerations that influence self-esteem, personal values, and personal attitudes.
- 2. Describe the communication process and the factors that influence communication interactions.
- 3. Determine personal communication style and explain the concept of communication style
- 4. Describe five of the most influential theories of motivation.
- 5. Differentiate between internal and external motivators in the workplace.
- 6. Compare and contrast the levels of Maslow's "Motivational Needs" of physiological, security, social, self-esteem, and self-actualization.
- 7. Distinguish between the common types of work teams and the stages of team development.
- 8. Describe the major causes of conflict in the work setting.
- 9. Describe the key elements of the conflict resolution process.
- 10. Distinguish between prejudice attitudes and discrimination in the workplace.
- 11. Summarize the guidelines outlined by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission [EEOC] to define sexual harassment.
- 12. Define the concept of valuing diversity using the intercultural theory of low-context/individualism and high-context/collectivism.
- 13. Identify the major personal and work-related stressors and identify strategies for improving physical and emotional health.

Topics and Scope:

- 1. History of Human Relations
- 2. Self-Esteem
 - a. Self-efficacy
 - b. Self-respect
 - c. Internal/external Locus of Control
- 3. Self-Awareness
 - a. Attitudes
 - b. Values
 - c. Johari Window
 - d. Self-concept
 - e. Self-disclosure
- 4. Motivation
 - a. Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs
 - b. McClelland's Needs Theory
 - c. Herzberg's Motivational Theory
 - d. Victor Vroom's Expectancy Theory
 - e. Douglas McGregor's Theory X/Theory Y
 - f. B. F. Skinner's Reinforcement Theory
 - g. Job enrichment as a motivator
 - h. Self-fulfilling prophecy
- 5. Communication and Human Relations
 - a. Proxemics or personal space
 - b. Verbal and non-verbal messages
 - c. Vertical and horizontal communication channels
 - d. Formal and informal groups
 - e. Team building in the work environment
 - f. leadership styles
 - g. Assertive vs. aggressive communication
- 6. Valuing Diversity in Today's World
 - a. Intercultural communications
 - b. Low-context/High context cultures
 - c. Prejudiced attitudes
 - d. Ethnocentrism
 - e. Discrimination
 - f. Americans with Disabilities Act
 - g. Sexual harassment
- 7. Conflict Management
 - a. Types of conflict
 - b. Values conflicts
 - c. Thomas-Kilman Conflict Model
- 8. Business Ethics and Social Responsibility
- 9. Maintain Health
 - a. Stress management
 - b. Nutritional considerations

- c. Improving personal healthd. Employee assistance programse. Self-disciplinef. Self-direction